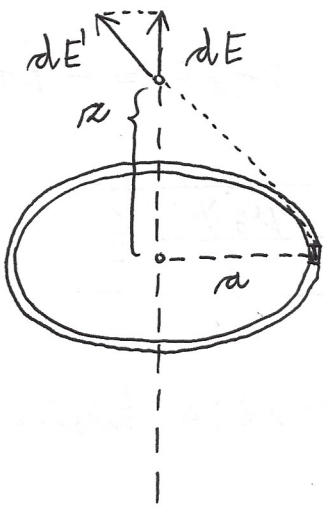


EMP: 3. PISNI IZPIT

1 NABITI KROŽNI ZANKI



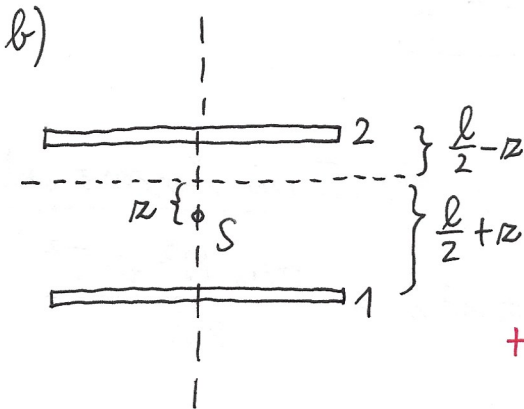
a) $dE' = \frac{de}{4\pi\epsilon_0 (a^2+r^2)}$ } + (1)

$de = \frac{e}{2\pi a} d\phi$

$dE = \frac{r}{\sqrt{a^2+r^2}} dE' = \frac{e d\phi}{8\pi^2 \epsilon_0 (a^2+r^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ } + (2)

$E = \int_{\phi=0}^{2\pi} dE = \frac{e}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{r}{(a^2+r^2)^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ } + (3)

preverimo: $r=0 \rightarrow E=0 \checkmark$



$E_{1,2} = \pm \frac{e}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \frac{\frac{l}{2} \pm r}{[a^2 + (\frac{l}{2} \pm r)^2]^{\frac{3}{2}}}$ } + (4)

+ (5) $\left\{ \begin{aligned} E &= E_1 + E_2 = \\ &= \frac{e}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{\frac{l}{2} + r}{[a^2 + (\frac{l}{2} + r)^2]^{\frac{3}{2}}} - \frac{\frac{l}{2} - r}{[a^2 + (\frac{l}{2} - r)^2]^{\frac{3}{2}}} \right] \end{aligned} \right.$

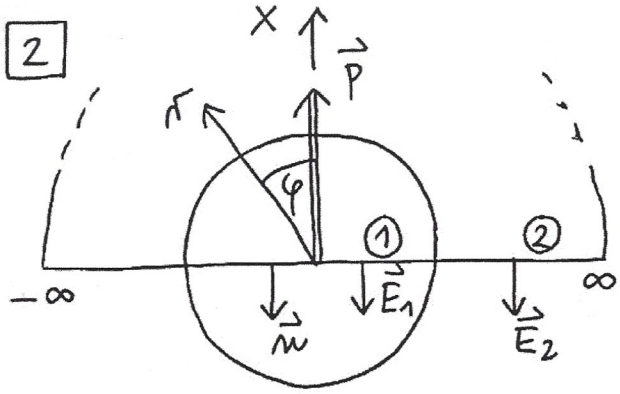
+ (6) $\left\{ \frac{\partial E}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=0} = \frac{e}{4\pi\epsilon_0} \left[\frac{(\frac{3}{2}(a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4})^{-\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{l}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2}(a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4})^{-\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \frac{l}{2})}{(a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4})^3} - \frac{(-\frac{3}{2}(a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4})^{-\frac{1}{2}} + \frac{l}{2} \cdot \frac{3}{2}(a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4})^{-\frac{3}{2}} \cdot \frac{l}{2})}{(a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4})^3} \right] \right.$

+ (7) $\left\{ \frac{\partial E}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=0} = 0 \Rightarrow (a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4})^{\frac{3}{2}} - \frac{3}{4} l^2 (a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4})^{\frac{1}{2}} = 0 \right.$

+ (8) $\left\{ a^2 + \frac{l^2}{4} - \frac{3}{4} l^2 = a^2 - \frac{l^2}{2} = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{l = \sqrt{2} a} \right.$

8+ = 1

2



$$\left. \begin{aligned} \sigma_N &= \vec{P} \cdot \vec{n} = P \cos \varphi \\ \rho_N &= \vec{\nabla} \cdot \vec{P} = 0 \\ V(r, \varphi) &= \begin{cases} A r \cos \varphi, & r < a \\ \frac{B}{r} \cos \varphi, & r > a \end{cases} \end{aligned} \right\} + (1)$$

- RP1: svetzen potencial $\rightarrow Aa = \frac{B}{a}, B = Aa^2$ } + (2)

- RP2: Gaussov izrek na površini $\rightarrow \underbrace{\sigma_N}_{\epsilon_0} S = \epsilon_0 S (E_{\perp}^{ZUN} - E_{\perp}^{NOT})$ } + (3)

$$\sigma_N S = \epsilon_0 S \left(-\frac{\partial V^{ZUN}}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=a} + \frac{\partial V^{NOT}}{\partial r} \Big|_{r=a} \right)$$

$$\sigma_N = \epsilon_0 \left(\frac{B}{a^2} + A \right) \cos \varphi = P \cos \varphi \Rightarrow P = \epsilon_0 \cdot 2A, A = \frac{P}{2\epsilon_0}$$

$$B = \frac{Pa^2}{2\epsilon_0}$$

$$V(r, \varphi) = \begin{cases} \frac{P}{2\epsilon_0} r \cos \varphi, & r < a \\ \frac{Pa^2}{2\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{r} \cos \varphi, & r > a \end{cases}$$

$$= \frac{P}{2\epsilon_0} x, \quad x = r \cos \varphi$$

$$= \frac{Pa^2}{2\epsilon_0} \frac{x}{r^2}$$

- integracijska ploskev: rez polovice valja in sklenjena $r \in \infty$

$$\frac{1}{4} \left\{ \begin{aligned} E_1 &= -\frac{\partial V^{NOT}}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=0} = -\frac{P}{2\epsilon_0} & (5) \\ E_2 &= -\frac{\partial V^{ZUN}}{\partial x} \Big|_{x=0} = -\frac{Pa^2}{2\epsilon_0} \frac{1}{r^2} & (6) \end{aligned} \right\} \vec{E}_{1,2} \parallel \vec{n}$$

$$(\vec{E} \cdot \vec{n}) \vec{E} - \frac{1}{2} E^2 \vec{n} = \frac{1}{2} E^2 \vec{n}$$

$$+ (7) \left\{ \vec{F}_e = \epsilon_0 \left[2 \int_0^a \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{P}{2\epsilon_0} \right)^2 l dr + 2 \int_a^\infty \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{Pa^2}{2\epsilon_0} \right)^2 \frac{1}{r^4} l dr \right] (-\hat{e}_x) = \right.$$

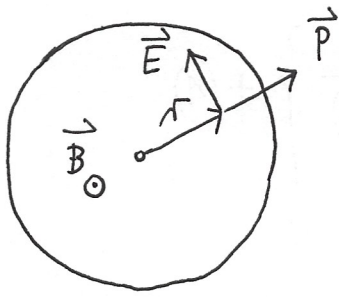
$$= -2\epsilon_0 \hat{e}_x \frac{1}{2} \frac{P^2}{4\epsilon_0^2} l \left(a + a^4 \left(-\frac{1}{3} \right) \frac{1}{r^3} \Big|_a^\infty \right) =$$

$$+ (8) \left\{ = -\hat{e}_x \frac{P^2 l}{4\epsilon_0} \left(a + \frac{1}{3} a \right) = -\hat{e}_x \frac{2P^2 l a}{3\epsilon_0} \right.$$

$$\frac{\vec{F}_e}{l} = -\frac{P^2 a}{3\epsilon_0} \hat{e}_x$$

1 = 8 +

3 UGAŠANJE TULJAVE



a) $B = \frac{\mu_0 N I}{l}$

+ (1) $\left\{ \vec{\nabla} \times \vec{E} = - \frac{\partial \vec{B}}{\partial t} \Rightarrow 2\pi r E = - \dot{B} \pi r^2 \right.$

+ (2) $\left\{ E = - \dot{B} \frac{r}{2} = \boxed{- \frac{\mu_0 N \alpha}{l} \frac{r}{2}} \right.$

b) $\vec{P} = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \vec{E} \times \vec{B} \Rightarrow$ ima smer VEN IZ PLOŠČA tuljave

+ (3) $\left\{ P = \frac{1}{\mu_0} |EB| = \frac{1}{\mu_0} \frac{\mu_0 N \alpha}{l} \frac{r}{2} \frac{\mu_0 N I}{l} = \frac{\mu_0}{2} \frac{N^2}{l^2} \alpha I \cdot r \right.$

+ (4) $\left\{ \int P dS = P(r) \cdot 2\pi r l = \boxed{\pi \mu_0 \frac{N^2}{l} \alpha a^2 I} \right.$

+ (5) $\left\{ \text{c) } W_e = \frac{1}{2} \epsilon_0 E^2 \cdot V \Rightarrow \dot{W}_e = 0, \text{ saj } E \text{ ni časovno odvisen!} \right.$

+ (6) $\left\{ W_{mv} = \frac{1}{2\mu_0} B^2 \cdot V = \frac{1}{2\mu_0} \frac{\mu_0^2 N^2 I^2}{l^2} \pi a^2 l = \frac{\pi \mu_0 N^2 a^2 I^2}{2l} \right.$

$\dot{W}_{mv} = \frac{\pi \mu_0 N^2 a^2}{2l} 2 I \dot{I} = \boxed{\pi \mu_0 \frac{N^2}{l} \alpha a^2 I} \downarrow$ } + (8)

+ (7) $\int P dS = (W_e + W_{mv}) \cdot \checkmark$

8+ = $\boxed{1}$